

SHIPPING BOARD AND CUT OUT WORK, IS HARKING APPEAL

Asks Congress to Cooperate in Checking Losses and Building Up Merchant Marine for Company.

HUGE DEBTS A LEGACY

Letter Read in Senate Tells of Sums Spent Without Result—Points Way to Solution

\$200,000,000 IN CLAIMS

Asserts Staggering Deficits Can Be Remedied Only by Competent Men to Conduct Business.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 20.—The closest cooperation between Congress and the Administration in an effort to bring Shipping Board losses down to a minimum, was urged to-day by President Harding in a letter to Senator Jones, Republican (Wash.), read to the Senate during consideration of a bill carrying \$48,500,000 for the board's activities. The President said there had been "unspeakable losses and unutterable wastes," which must be charged to the war emergency.

Chairman Lasker's effort to get his men to help in putting the board on its feet was approved by the President.

At the same time there was presented a letter from Chairman Lasker saying that sooner or later Congress would be called upon to appropriate \$200,000,000 in outstanding claims inherited from the former Administration.

Must Remedy Situation.

The President's letter giving his views at length on the general shipping situation follows:

"I could not fail to note the dissatisfaction expressed in both House and Senate over the very unsatisfactory condition of the Shipping Board and the reluctance of Congress to make appropriations for the continued activities of the board without putting specific restraints upon the board's activities in employing agents of relief.

"From your position you are probably as familiar with the situation as I am, and I hope you will make it a point to lay the exact but unpleasant truth before your colleagues.

"The Shipping Board situation is wholly an inheritance from the previous Administration. It would avail nothing to attempt to outline how this intolerable state of affairs came about. Our great problem is to cure the situation. The difficulty of this task becomes very apparent to me, and had its reflex in the delay in the final selection of the Shipping Board.

"It is no easy thing to bring capable men to the solution of this task. Chairman Lasker is making a very heavy sacrifice to give his time and talent to this most difficult work. He has been able to bring many disinterested advisers to his assistance, but it is impossible for the board in creating its various departments, and in carrying out its operations by the ordinary methods of Government appointment and compensation.

Hundreds of Millions Involved.

"Many of the men called to service have been obliged to completely sacrifice their private interests and in some cases their sacrifice is made with the knowledge that the period of their service with the Government is only temporary. Under these conditions and because of the fact that hundreds of millions are involved, it is unavoidable that some compensations in responsible places are much beyond the ordinary run of Government compensation.

"There are approximately \$200,000,000 in claims against the Shipping Board. No business man would venture upon the settlement of these claims without highly capable legal representation. The staggering losses in operation can only be cured by a board of operators whose members know something concerning the business. These men could not be secured without giving up private pursuits which are vastly more profitable than the average administration salary under the Government, and Chairman Lasker has proceeded with my very hearty approval in the acquisition of such men for this task. If your knowledge of the business will enable us to put an end to operating losses, as we very much hope to do, their requirements for Government service will be justified a hundredfold.

"The error heretofore committed seems to have been the employment of incapable men at excessive salaries, while the present programme calls for capable, and the compensation is vastly less than in private pursuits. I have been at some pains to assure myself that there is no overpayment in selecting men for specific places, and I believe I can assure you that this overpayment has been avoided. I have been at some pains to assure myself that there is no overpayment in selecting men for specific places, and I believe I can assure you that this overpayment has been avoided.

"I do not venture to make promises for the Shipping Board. I would like the Congress to know we are speedily arranging the Shipping Board's affairs at a loss to the Government, and we are hoping soon to have an end to all the unfortunate charter contracts under which the charters are made whole and share in the profits, if any, while the Government bears the brunt of the losses. This is a very timely arrangement and is being ended as speedily as the situation will permit.

"It must be kept in mind at all times that the administration of the Shipping Board is a very delicate task, and the cooperation of Congress are in no wise responsible for the condition of affairs which have shocked the country and given the Congress such concern.

"They have only recently been called to the service of correcting the intolerable state of affairs which we inherited after which it is very much hoped they may make gratifying progress toward the firm establishment of an American merchant marine.

"We must not fail in our efforts now."

Continued on Third Page.

Presidential Party Takes Cruise on Mayflower

WASHINGTON, Aug. 20.—President and Mrs. Harding left Washington late to-day for another week end cruise on the yacht Mayflower in the lower Potomac and Chesapeake Bay. They will return Monday morning.

Accompanying them is a party of friends, including Attorney-General Daugherty, Senator New of Indiana and Mrs. New, Senator Hale of Maine, Senator Townsend of Michigan and Mrs. Townsend, Chairman Lasker of the Shipping Board and Jesse Smith of Washington Court House, Ohio.

TALLEY GETS PLACE IN SPITE OF MURPHY

Justice Collins Declines Tammany Designation for General Sessions Bench.

HINES SCORNS A TRUCE

Says He Gave Wigwam Emisary a Rebuff; Warns Talley to Look Out for Tricks.

Judge Alfred J. Talley of General Sessions will be placed on the Tammany ticket to succeed himself, despite the fact that Charles F. Murphy would have none of him when he dictated the Democratic ticket. That was assured yesterday when Justice Cornelius F. Collins of the Children's Court, who was named by Murphy in Talley's place, sent word to the Tammany executive committee that he would not take the designation. It was understood that Justice Collins would take such action only on condition that Murphy would put Talley on the ticket.

Justice Collins's letter to Edward F. Boyle, chairman of the executive committee of Tammany Hall, was as follows:

"I have decided to decline the recommendation for designation for Justice of the Court of General Sessions, and am filing my formal declination. I wish to assure you and your associates on the executive committee of my sincere appreciation of the honor conferred upon me in recommending me for designation for that office.

"In view, however, of much important work still unfinished in the Children's Court, and of many important questions about to arise in connection with changes in duties and jurisdiction of the court of which I am now a member, I feel it my duty to continue to act in my present capacity for the time at least.

"I am pleased to see complete harmony between the real, earnest Democrats of our city. Opponents of the party and of the best interests of the city have attempted falsely and maliciously, but without result, to create an impression of disaffection. I am pleased to see their efforts are in vain."

The letter was given out without comment or intimation of what action would be taken.

About the time the letter was made public, Jimmie J. Hines, anti-Murphy leader of the Eleventh Assembly district, Manhattan, who is running against Murphy's choice for president of the Borough of Manhattan, announced he had been approached with overtures to get him out of the race, with assurance that Murphy would put him on the ticket somewhere. Hines said he had no idea of getting out of the race, and added:

BERGDOLL NOT SECURE IN HIS SWISS REFUGE

If Really There Can Be Extradition on Passport Misuse.

Special Despatch to The New York Herald.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 20.—The United States has not given up hope of obtaining possession of G. C. Bergdoll, draft evader. While reports that Bergdoll had left Germany for Switzerland are not authenticated, it is generally credited.

"There is no extradition treaty with Switzerland covering offences against military law, but fraudulent use of a passport remains an extraditable offense. It was intimated in official quarters to-day that representations have been made to the British Government which might result in the extradition of Bergdoll on the charge that he used a fraudulent British passport in leaving Germany.

S. A. CLOPTON DIES ON TRAIN

Veteran Horse Trainer Stricken Suddenly on Way Home.

ALBANY, Aug. 20.—Samuel A. Clifton, veteran horse trainer for the Harry Payne Whitney stables, was stricken suddenly in the night and died a few minutes later, while on his way to his home on Long Island from Saratoga Springs.

MOTOR BANDITS IN OTTAWA

OTTAWA, Aug. 20.—Five automobile bandits robbed the jewelry store of Elias Barbeau, at Buckingham, Quebec, after which they fled to Ottawa, where they were captured by the police.

The Greenheller, The White and Cottage, Victoria, B.C., Aug. 20.—A motor car was driven into the water at Victoria, B.C., Sunday morning.

6 NEW ARRESTS FOR 11 MURDERS SOON BY CAMORRA PURSUERS

Next Blow Against Secret Gangs of Slayers Will Be Dealt in Detroit.

MAY CLEAR 40 CRIMES

Now Hope to Unravel Killing of Petrosino, N. Y. Detective, in Palermo.

BARBER'S TALE VERIFIED

Heads of Assassin Bands Are Among Victims of Years of Feuds and Outlawry.

The murder of Detective Lieut. Joseph Petrosino in Palermo, Italy, on March 12, 1909, may be cleared up in the investigation now being conducted by Detective Michael Flascchetti, head of the Italian squad, into the Camorra slayings in this and other cities revealed in the confession of Bartolo Fontano, the itinerant barber. Detective Flascchetti said last night there is no question that numerous murders were directed from the Black Hand stronghold in Sicily and that information contained in the confessions of the six men under arrest here may result in the arrest of those who assassinated Lieut. Petrosino.

Six arrests have been ordered in Detroit, where eleven of the Camorra murders were committed, and an equal number of arrests are to be made here, the detective said. Through these arrests it is expected that at least forty slayings that have occurred during the last six or eight years will be cleared up. Many of the murderers, the police investigation has revealed, were themselves slain in intergang feuds of the Camorra. Several of these gangs were wiped out in this warfare, which was carried on under instructions from Italy, relayed through the American headquarters of the Camorra, said to be located in Brooklyn.

Petrosino went to Italy to investigate the operations of the Camorra and was slain late at night in one of the public squares of Palermo. Detective Flascchetti also went overseas last winter for the same purpose and was followed abroad by two men who, it is believed, planned to kill him. This the detective admitted last night, saying he was warned by Police Commissioner Enright that the men had left New York soon after he did, and that their intention was to murder him if they could find him.

Flascchetti Warned by Cable.

The warning of Mr. Enright was contained in a cablegram that Flascchetti received when in Naples. The detective said he found it extraordinary about that time to go to Rome and upon his return to Naples some days later he discovered his room at the hotel had been broken into in his absence by the two men from New York. These men arrived in Naples the night Flascchetti was ordered to go to Rome, and he was told of the detective, but left the following day when they learned their prospective victim also had left.

It was an incident that occurred during the arrest of Lacotta that vouched for the truthfulness of Fontano's statements. The barber said he was standing behind a door when Lacotta was arrested and declared that the detective grabbed a policeman's nightstick and hit Lacotta on the head. Lieut. McPherson was present and saw a truck being driven into the water and that the chauffeur jumped just as the front wheels reached the end of the dock.

Three Gangs in Deadly War.

The Bushalotta, Vitalla and Glancia gangs waged a deadly war in Detroit for many years and the slayings ended only with the death of the leaders. Tony and Sam Glancia, who were shot and killed, were the first to be murdered, and Giuseppe Bushalotta and his two brothers followed each other to the grave in rapid succession. Then Pasquale and Joseph Vitalla, heads of the third band, were slain.

Detective Flascchetti intimated the arrests are to be made here within the next forty-eight hours or so will result in having made statements which clear up at least ten murders in this city. The men sought are said to be named in these confessions and are the "higher ups" in the Camorra fraternity.

VESSEL STRIKES A MINE.

CHRISTIANIA, NORWAY, Aug. 20.—A fishing vessel struck a mine to-day north of Haugesund, on the west coast of Norway. The mine blew up, killing the crew of the vessel.

BIG BOOTLEGGING FRAUDS INVOLVING NEW YORK MEN ARE UNCOVERED IN OHIO

Arrests of Federal Officers for Bribery Expected in Three States—Huge Withdrawals of Whiskey Made Possible Through Alleged Conspiracy.

Special Despatch to The New York Herald.

New York Herald Bureau, Washington, D. C., Aug. 20.

New liquor frauds, involving bribery of dry law agents, were uncovered by the Internal Revenue Bureau to-day in Ohio, and arrests of Federal officers in the middle West and in some Eastern cities are expected to follow.

Bootleg rings are alleged to have been in a conspiracy with Volstead law agents, who are said to have been paid large sums to issue fraudulent permits for withdrawal of whiskey from bonded warehouses.

The conspiracy has many features, and revenue inspectors to-night said investigation upon the basis of facts now discovered may lead into New York and Pennsylvania and the arrest of dry law agents in those States.

Illicit whiskey handlers not only were aided in getting unusually heavy shipments of liquors out of warehouses but for stipulated sums were shielded from interference or prosecution.

The centre of the alleged conspiracy was Youngstown, Ohio. One of the Government officials implicated held a responsible supervisory post and had the authority of approving or rejecting applications for withdrawals of whiskey stocks from bond.

Prohibition Commissioner Haynes to-night directed Assistant Commissioner Jones of his staff to conduct a thorough investigation with a trained staff of revenue inspectors. Chief Inspector Irey of the Internal Revenue Bureau laid the facts in the frauds before his superiors, and decision was reached to suspend at least four officers in the Youngstown bureau. Other suspensions in that territory are likely.

DUMP CARS IN RIVER AND GET INSURANCE

Automobiles Used by Gunmen Also Believed to Have Gone Same Way.

BOYS FIND EVIDENCE

Swimming Place at Hunts Point Section of Bronx Being Searched.

The Bronx Detective Bureau received a report late yesterday that boys swimming in the East River near Tiffany street, in the Hunts Point section of the Bronx, had found evidence to indicate that the river at that point was a hiding place for automobiles the owners of which destroyed them for the purpose of obtaining insurance. Capt. Andrew Wines, commanding the detectives, went immediately to the spot with Detectives Hegney, Meyers and Pickett, and after a preliminary investigation requested that the police patrol boat John F. Hylan be ordered there. At a late hour the patrol was located by radio and sent to assist Capt. Wines and his men in their search of the river bottom.

Derricks and grappling irons would be needed, Capt. Wines said, if the sunken automobiles are to be recovered. At that spot the river is thirty-five feet in depth.

Early yesterday afternoon several boys noticed a taxicab hanging over the end of the stringpiece at Tiffany street. The machine evidently had been driven or pushed out on the dock and abandoned after an attempt to send it over the edge into the river. Its front wheels were over the water and only the rear wheels, jammed against a beam, held it from toppling over.

The boys called Policeman Somers of the Simpson street station and pointed out the automobile to him. While he was examining it and trying to determine how best to drag it out of danger some of the boys remembered that the river bottom at the end of the dock is covered with what they described as pieces of cars. Several boys have been injured by diving against objects of metal.

The first theory seized upon by Capt. Wines and his detectives was that automobiles driven into the river must have been "buried" in order that insurance might be collected. He also said it was possible that machines used by gunmen and holdup men have been done away with so that the police could not trace their ownership.

On June 20 detectives of the Astoria station began a search of the East River at Hallett's Cove after information had reached them that the spot was being used as a hiding place for automobiles. At that time it was said the cove had been used as a dumping ground for stolen cars after the thieves had found it impossible to sell them. A watchman there reported he saw a truck being driven into the water and that the chauffeur jumped just as the front wheels reached the end of the dock.

The investigation was completed six weeks ago, but the automobile graveyard the police expected to find was not there. The truck was dragged out and divers found parts of many other machines. It was believed that the police had begun the investigation soon after the cove was first put to use and that their investigation frightened off the men who were destroying cars.

IN THE HUNDREDS OF WANT ADS IN TO-DAY'S CLASSIFIED SECTION

you will find the ads of many superior men and women seeking employment. Look the "Situations Wanted" ads over carefully.

Many splendid positions are advertised under "Help Wanted—Male and Female."

The ads of the Employment Agencies often suggest exceptional employment opportunities.

TENNIS TITLE RESTS WITH MRS. MALLORY

Champion Triumphs Over Miss Mary K. Browne in Hard Fought Final.

SHEER POWER DECIDES

California Girl Loses Strength After Taking Brilliant First Set.

Sheer power won the fifth national tennis championship for Mrs. Molla Bjurstedt Mallory at Forest Hills yesterday. Power, supplemented by courage, speed and plenty of skill, of course, but it was strength and stamina that stood out most prominently as she fought her way to a triumph over a game that was more versatile, more subtle, more spectacular. While a gallery of 6,000 sat thrilled, leaning forward in breathless anticipation in every rally, Mrs. Mallory, recovering from a losing first set, caught up with Miss Mary K. Browne of California, wore her down by the fury of her attack and then won at 4-6, 6-4, 6-2.

In defeat there was glory aplenty for the Pacific coast girl who held the national title from 1912 to 1915. She made a gallant bid for victory, gave all she had in an effort to maintain a well earned lead, flashed sparkling tennis that drew spontaneous cheers from a gallery that could not help but appreciate her great skill, and fought hard to the end.

A little more strength and the victory probably would have been hers, for there was no questioning the superiority of her generalship and stroke assortment, but with one set won and with a lead of 3-2—almost 4-2—in the second set, the grueling game began to show its effects on the California girl. She was not getting up to the ball with her early speed, was not imparting the same sting to her forcing shots and was coming through with untimely errors—rather, errors that were decidedly timely for the champion. And all the while Molla, on the other side of the net, holding on tenaciously after being outplayed, gathered power and stroked along at the same whirlwind pace as at the start.

Close observers could see readily the turning point in the middle of the second set, when Mary, despite her indomitable spirit, began to weaken. Apparently Mrs. Mallory noticed it, too. Despite the omission of the House provision prohibiting any search of homes for private brewing and distilling, Mrs. Mallory asserted this effected no real change, as the effect that pogrom and revolutions in those countries make them unsafe for American bankers.

Stanley Amendment Weakened.

The conferees' plan then weakens the protection of the Stanley amendment by imposing penalties for searches without warrant only when homes are invaded. Thus there is no penalty for searching automobiles and other vehicles and business properties without warrant.

The conferees agreed to grant searches without warrant of buildings and property other than homes when it is done maliciously and without reasonable cause. A new provision imposes heavy fines on bogus dry agents.

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SEVEN KEGS OF WATER COST TIPPLERS \$2,300

Salesman Siphoned Whiskey Samples From Private Flask.

PORTLAND, Me., Aug. 20.—Twelve Portland men are said to have seven kegs of water for which they paid \$2,300 under the impression that they were buying whiskey.

According to the story told here to-day five of the purchasers met last night in an old farm house nearby and in a room lighted only by a flash lamp tested whiskey that apparently was siphoned from each barrel, and which they considered well worth \$200 a keg.

They believe the liquor was produced from a little hose connected with a bottle concealed in the clothing of the salesman.

The latter, a convincing talker, was a stranger here until a week ago.

BEER COMPROMISE GUARDING THE HOME IS NEW SUBSTITUTE

Four of Six Conferees Agree on Amendment More Suitable to Drys.

MUST HAVE WARRANT

Measure Not in Accord With Senate View and Will Be Fought.

'MEDICINE' FLOOD FEARED

Prospect of Passing Bill Suitable to Both Houses Remote as Ever.

Special Despatch to The New York Herald.

New York Herald Bureau, Washington, D. C., Aug. 20.

Senate and House conferees on the anti-beer bill to-day refused to accede fully to the growing demands in both houses of Congress that much greater protection be given to the people and their property against unwarranted search and seizure by Government agents in the enforcement of the prohibition law.

After three days of mysterious conferences, four of the six conferees adopted a substitute for the Stanley amendment of the Senate and the substitute of the House.

As a result plans for a Congressional recess are much in doubt. Republican Leader Mondell of the House asserts that the anti-beer bill must be passed before a recess to prevent the flooding of the country with medicinal beer, under regulations prepared by the Treasury Department. Senator Lodge, Republican leader of the Senate, has informed Mr. Mondell the measure cannot be passed for weeks unless the House will accept the Stanley amendment or a substitute very similar to it.

Big Point for the Drys.

The action of the conferees was a victory for the radical drys. The Stanley amendment as approved by the Senate broadly prohibits the search or seizure of any private property or premises without a legal warrant, and imposes heavy penalties upon prohibition agents who violate this provision.

The substitute for this proposal previously adopted by the House with the approval of Representative Volstead (Minn.), veteran dry legislator, reduced the scope of the Stanley amendment by imposing searches of private dwellings only when they searched private dwellings without warrant. Under this provision no penalty would be imposed on the searching or seizing of automobiles, other vehicles and business properties without warrant.

The House substitute, however, virtually legalized home brewing and distilling for private purposes by providing no warrant to search a home could be obtained unless the dry agent swore that liquor was being "made for sale or sold" in the home.

The proposal of the conferees partially tears down the protection set up in both amendments. No prohibition set up against searching private dwellings for home breweries and stills where liquor is being made for personal use but not for sale, as provided in the House amendment. Home brewing and distilling are prohibited by the Volstead law, and the report of the conferees provides that a home cannot be searched for any prohibition purpose unless a warrant is obtained.

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Old U-Boat to Sell Rum Outside of 3 Mile Limit

Special Cable to The New York Herald.

New York Herald Bureau, Paris, Aug. 20.

AMERICAN prohibition has introduced a new sport among wealthy yachtsmen on this side of the Atlantic. It is known here that a group of English and American yacht owners intend this autumn to make a cruise to America with their yachts loaded with the best French cognac and champagnes, which they will try to get past the revenue sleuths by selling at night outside the three mile limit at a profit sufficient to cover the cost of the expedition. One of the men is known to be negotiating for the purchase of a former German submarine, which he will use for the same purpose.

TYPHUS CASE HOLDS AQUITANIA 8 HOURS

Woman From Russia Stricken, 65 Others Detained and \$55 More Delayed.

WILLIAM M. WOOD HOME

Woolen Man Says Germany Revives, Other Nations Slow and U. S. Outlook Best.

The Aquitania of the Cunard Line, which was due to dock at 10 o'clock yesterday morning, was held up until 6:30 o'clock last night by the discovery of a case of typhus among the second cabin passengers. Sixty-five passengers in the same section with the infected person were taken off at Quarantine and sent to Hoffman Island. Meanwhile the 655 first class passengers, chafing at the delay, did not know what was happening.

When four United States Public Health Service physicians boarded the Aquitania early yesterday they were told that there was only one passenger in the ship's hospital. She was Mrs. B. Zeiler, who, with her two small children, had escaped from Russia and finally had made her way to Cherbourg. She was sailing to join her husband, who made his way from Russia eighteen months ago and is now in Philadelphia. Their two older daughters, 15 and 16 years old, were murdered seven months ago by the Bolsheviks.

The delay of the Aquitania, which was surrounded by the most guarded secrecy, caused inconvenience to thousands of persons. The Cunard officers and the news telephones were kept busy all afternoon by inquiries from relatives and friends of the passengers.

Among the passengers was William M. Wood, president of the American Woolen Company, who was returning from a trip to the British Isles and France. He declared that Germany is recovering rapidly from the effects of the war; that wages are low and the factories busy, with all the German people working like bees.

"My observations of France were not so optimistic," said Mr. Wood. "They seem to have adopted a fatalistic attitude, believing that they will get through their troubles somehow, but there is no constructive movement there that I could see. Neither was I impressed by conditions in England and Scotland, both of which are riding for a fall. Industry is very slack and unemployment is threatening."

Charles Edward Spratt, an engineer of the firm of Messrs. Spratt & Co., 30 Church street, who has spent more than a year building bridges and public works in Rumania and Bulgaria, said he regretted that "propaganda is being carried on to the effect that pogroms and revolutions in those countries make them unsafe for American bankers."

E. H. Sothorn and Julia Markowe were among the passengers. They announced that they also that they were through with the stage, but have changed their minds and will open a new tour in Boston on September 26.

Other passengers were B. Erroll and Mrs. Erroll of London. He is a female impersonator and she is a male impersonator. Mr. and Mrs. W. F. McGee of 65 East Seventy-third street brought back their two dogs, one an Alsatian and the other an Irish terrier, which they have exhibited at London dog shows. Both dogs carried off several first prizes.

Included in the list of passengers were Samuel R. Guggenheim, who has spent three weeks in London; Major-General H. M. Elliot and Mrs. Elliot; George McPherson, action broker of Philadelphia; Sir Archibald Mitchell, Maurice E. Pierce, United States Consul at Malmö, Sweden; Herbert Parsons, lawyer of this city; Mrs. A. M. Baldwin, Mr. and Mrs. Marcus Doherty, and Countess R. de Falcon, R. A. Farquhar, a shipping man, and Mr. and Mrs. M. L. Clothier.

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TAX REDUCTION BILL IS PASSED BY HOUSE, SAVES \$818,000,000

Vote 274-125 Along Party Lines for Measure to Cut Big Sums From Public Burden.

100 CHANGES WRITTEN

Levies on Excess Profits, Sodas, Fares, Luxuries and Drug Sundries to Be Repealed.

\$3,347,000,000 IS REVENUE

Senate to Act After Recess, but Committee at Once Will Start Revision and Hearings.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 20.—The tax revision bill of 1921, estimated to cut \$818,000,000 from the nation's tax burden by 1923, was passed late to-day by the House 274 to 125, on an almost straight party vote.

Three Democrats supported the measure and nine Republicans voted against it. The Democrats were: Campbell (Pa.) and Dupre and Lazzaro (La.).

Republicans voting against the bill were: Beck (Wis.), Clague (Minn.), Keller (Minn.), Lampert (Wis.), Michaelson (Ill.), John M. Nelson (Wis.), Sinclair (N. D.), Voigt (Wis.) and Woodruff (Mich.).

Representative London, Socialist (N. Y.), voted against the bill.

High Surplus Repeal Stands.

Compared with this number, fifty Republicans voted for a Democratic resolution to recommend the bill for elimination of the provision repealing the income surtax rates above 32 per cent. This motion was lost, 168 to 220, with one Democrat, Campbell (Pa.), voting against it. The Republicans supporting it were:

- | | |
|-----------------------|----------------------|
| Andrews (Neb.) | Little (Kan.) |
| Baughman (Cal.) | Luce (Mass.) |
| Cooper (Wyo.) | Michaelson (Ill.) |
| Burke (Wis.) | Murphy (Ohio) |
| Burns (N. D.) | Nelson, A. D. (Wis.) |
| Cable (Ohio) | Nelson, M. (Wis.) |
| Christopherson (S.D.) | Nolan (Cal.) |
| Clague (Minn.) | Perman (N. Y.) |
| Beck (Wis.) | Ramseyer (Iowa) |
| Davis (Minn.) | Robison (Ky.) |
| Dowell (Iowa) | Rosenbloom (W.Va.) |
| Frear (Wis.) | Ryan (N. Y.) |
| Gahn (Ohio) | Schall (Minn.) |
| Gorman (Ill.) | Sinclair (N. D.) |